# **VICES: SMOKING AND DRINKING**

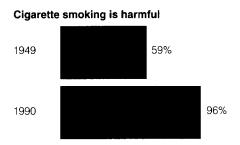
Awareness of the health hazards of smoking, long apparent, is now virtually unanimous. Only six percent call it a normal pleasure, while 74 percent say it is a danger to the smoker and others or a major public health hazard. Twenty-eight percent say they have smoked in the past week, down from 41 percent in 1944.

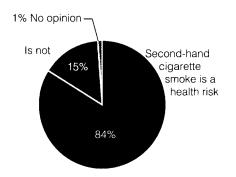
Question: Do you think cigarette smoking is harmful or not? (1949)

Question: Do you think cigarette smoking is or is not harmful to your health? (1990)

Question: Do you feel that second-hand cigarette smoke is a health risk or not?

Question: Which of these five statements comes closest to how you personally would describe cigarette smoking? Is it a normal pleasure of life, a normal but risky activity, dangerous/unhealthy to the smoker, dangerous/unhealthy to the smoker and others, or a major public health hazard to the smoker and others?





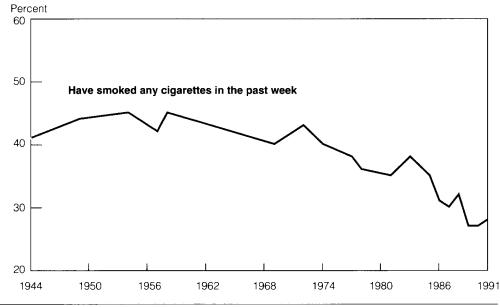


Have smoked

**Source:** Surveys by the Gallup Organization, latest that of July 6–8, 1990

**Source:** Survey by ABC News/Washington Post, February 25–28, 1993.

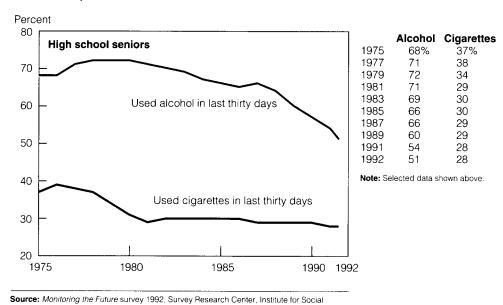
Question: Have you, yourself, smoked any cigarettes in the past week?



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	cigarettes in
	the past weel
1944	41%
1949	44
1954	45
1957	42
1958	45
1969	40
1971	42
1972	43
1974	40
1977	38
1978	36
1981	35
1983	38
1985	35
1986	31
1987	30
1988	32
1989	27
1990	27
1991	28

Source: Surveys by the Gallup Organization, latest that of October 24–27 and November 7–10, 1991

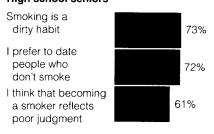
Smoking and drinking are also down sharply among high school seniors. A solid majority of them see smoking as a dirty habit. A look at adult consumption patterns for spirits, wine, beer, and cigarettes show a downward trend for all except beer in the 1980s.



Question: Do you agree or disagree...?

#### Agree responses

### High school seniors



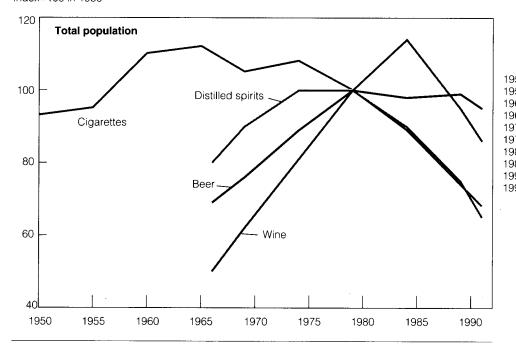
Note: Selected categories shown.

**Source:** *Monitoring the Future* survey 1992, Survey Research Center, Institute for Social Research, University of Michigan.

### Per capita consumption of...

Index=100 in 1980

Research, University of Michigan



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1950	93	1967	<b>4</b> 9	50	80 80
1955	95 95	1970	76	62	90
1960	110	1975	89	81	100
1965	112	1980	100	100	100
1970	105	1985	98	114	90
1975	108	1990	99	95	75
1980	100	1992	95	86	65
1985	89				
1990	74				
1992	68				

**Source:** U.S. Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, *Tobacco Situation and Outlook* (cigarettes); John C. Maxwell, Jr. Wheat, First Securities, Richmond, Virginia (alcohol).

## Who Smokes, Whose Responsibility

Smoking is down across demographic groups. About a quarter of respondents have had a drink in the last 24 hours, down from nearly 40 percent in 1984. Smoking is seen as a personal decision, and two-thirds believe that warning labels excuse companies from responsibility in smoking deaths.

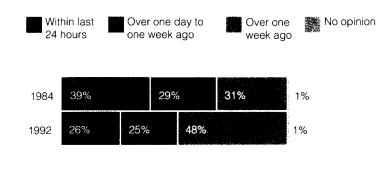
Question: Have you ever smoked cigarettes regularly? If "yes": Do you happen to smoke cigarettes now? (1954)

Question: Have you, yourself, smoked any cigarettes in the past week? (1991)

1991 1954 56% 30% Men 27% Women White 27% 26% Black\* Grade school 34% H.S. grad 48% 33% Some college 42% 23% 19% College grad. 18-29 years 18-29 years 48% 32% 30 - 4451% 30 - 4934% 20% 45-64 39% 50+

Question: When did you last take a drink of any kind of alcoholic beverage?





**Note:** Asked of respondents who said they "have occasion to use alcoholic beverages" (64% in 1984 and 1992).

Source: Surveys by the Gallup Organization, latest that of January 16–19, 1992

Note: "Sample of blacks in 1954 survey was too small to analyze.

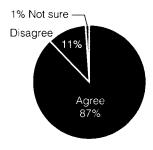
Source: Surveys by the Gallup Organization, latest that of October 24–27 and November 7–10,

65 +

Question: In recent years, we've heard many different opinions about how smoking affects people's quality of life. For each of the following statements people have made to us about smoking, please tell me whether you agree strongly, agree somewhat, disagree somewhat, or disagree strongly.

65+

To smoke or not to smoke is a personal decision that adults should be free to make for themselves

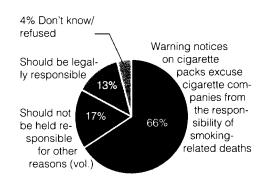


**Note:** In a 1990 Gallup survey, 75% or respondents said that it would make no difference if they were in a position to hire someone for a job and learned that the person smoked, 23% said they would be less likely to hire that person: 1% said more likely.

**Source:** Survey by Louis Harris and Associates for Lederle Laboratories. January 3–12, 1992.

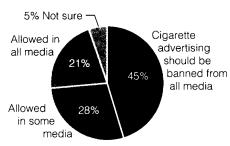
Question: Do you think cigarette companies should be held legally responsible if they are sued by the families of smokers who died of smoking-related causes, or does the fact that the companies put warning notices on cigarette packs excuse them from the responsibility?

Question: Do you think that advertising for cigarettes should be banned from all media, allowed in some media, or allowed in all media?



**Note**: In a 1988 Gallup poll. 79% of respondents said that "tobacco companies should not be legally responsible for deaths caused by smoking."

**Source:** Survey by the Gallup Organization, October 24–27,

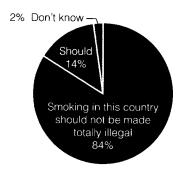


**Source:** Survey by Yankelovich Clancy Shulman for *Time* and CNN, May 8–9, 1990.

### **Ban it? Tax it?**

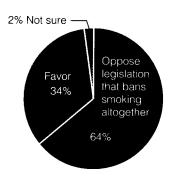
Concerns about health effects are tempered by our belief in individual choice. Only 14 percent say cigarette smoking should be made totally illegal. Banning smoking in public places is favored, but there is strong sentiment for limiting it to designated areas. Taxing vice has long had support.

Question: Should smoking in this country be made totally illegal, or not?



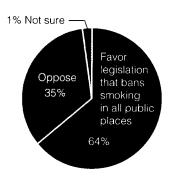
Source: Survey by the Gallup Organization, July 6-8, 1990.

Question: Would you tend to favor or oppose legislation that bans smoking altogether?



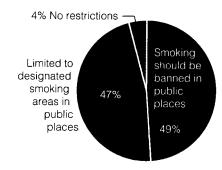
Source: Survey by Louis Harris and Associates for Lederle Laboratories, January 3-12, 1992

Question: Would you tend to favor or oppose legislation that bans smoking in all public places?



Source: Survey by Louis Harris and Associates for Lederle Laboratories, January 3–12, 1992

Question: Do you think smoking should be allowed indoors in public places without restrictions or limited to designated smoking areas in public places, or should smoking be banned in public places?

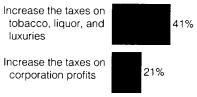


Source: Survey by ABC News/Washington Post, February 25-28, 1993

Question: Suppose it became necessary to increase taxes-which one or two of these methods would you most prefer?

#### 1940

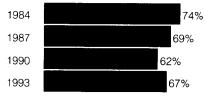
### If necessary to increase taxes, would most prefer



Note: All other categories received less than 20% Source: Survey by the Roper Organization for Fortune January 1940

Question: Assume for the moment that the government had to raise more revenue to further reduce the budget deficit. Here are some steps people have suggested could be taken to reduce the deficit. For each one, would you tell me whether you think it is a step that should or should not be very seriously considered as a way of reducing the deficit?

Raising taxes on alcohol and cigarettes should be seriously considered as a way of reducing the deficit



Note: Alcohol and cigarette taxes were asked about separately using half of the survey sample: 68% favored considering raising taxes on cigarettes and 70% favored this for alcoholic beverages

Source: Surveys by the Roper Organization (Roper Reports 93-3), February 13-27, 1993.